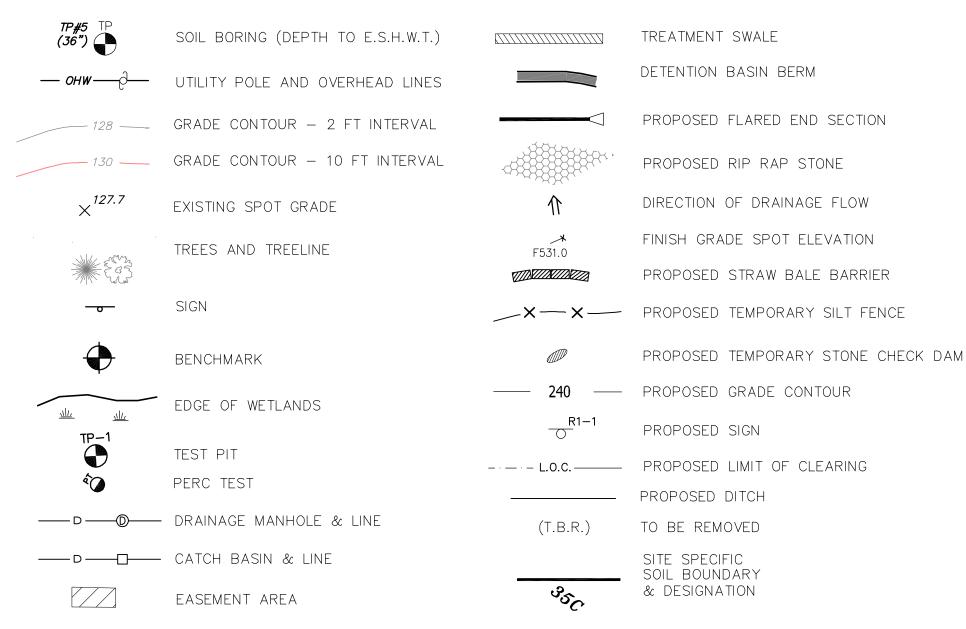
### SITE PLAN

FOR AN

### EXCAVATION AND RECLAMATION GRADING PROJECT

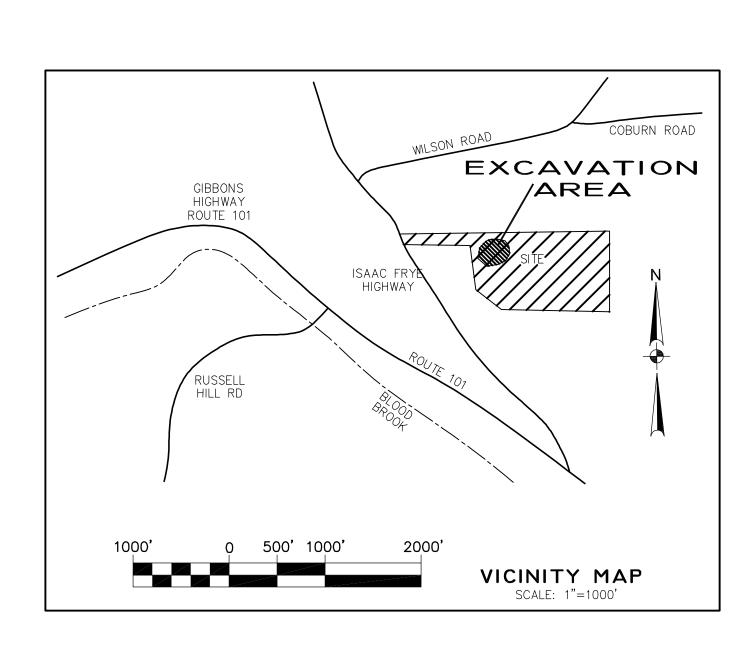
**KNOWN AS** 

### SYMBOLS LEGEND



### TAX LOT F-3-2 - ISAAC FRYE HIGHWAY WILTON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

PREPARED FOR: ISAAC FRYE HOLDINGS, LLC 586 TURNPIKE ROAD NEW IPSWICH, NH 03071



### LIST OF DRAWINGS

DWG NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	COVER SHEET
2	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN
3,3A &4	GRADING DRAINAGE EROSION CONTROL AND RECLIMATION PLAN
5, 6	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
7	RECLAMATION NOTES

### NOTE:

2. ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON USGS DATUM.

3. PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CONTACT DIG-SAFE AND VERIFY ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITY LOCATIONS.

### VICINITY MAP

LIST OF CONSULTANTS

### TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS NHFG WILDLIFE FRIENDLY REQUIREMENTS

THE ELIMINATION OF PLASTIC OR 'BIODEGRADABLE PLASTIC' EROSION CONTROL NETTING IS REQUIRED AS THESE ARE KNOWN SOURCE OF ENTRAPMENT AND MORTALITY TO PROTECTED SNAKES AND TURTLES. 2. SEVERAL 'WILDLIFE FRIENDLY' OPTIONS SUCH AS WOVEN ORGANIC MATERIAL (E.G., COCO MATTING) OR THE USE OF EROSION CONTROL BERM OKAY

3. ACCEPTABLE MATERIALS INCLUDE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN C125BN OR EAST COAST EROSION CONTROL BLANKET ECC—2B BOTH ARE BIODEGRADABLE WITH A COCONUT FIBER MATRIX AND JUTE NETTING.

	4-8-24	REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW	JR
	09/25/23	REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW	JR
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY



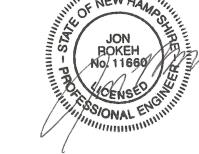
CONTACT DIG SAFE 72 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

THE LOCATION OF ANY UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS PLAN IS APPROXIMATE. ROKEH CONSULTING, LLC. MAKES NO CLAIM TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITIES SHOWN. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING ANY UTILITIES WHETHER THEY BE ABOVE OR BELOW GROUND. PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION ON SITE THE CONTRACTOR SHALI CONTACT DIG SAFE AT 1-800-DIG-SAFE.

CIVIL ENGINEER JON ROKEH OF ROKEH CONSULTING, LLC 89 KING ROAD

CHICHESTER, NH 03258

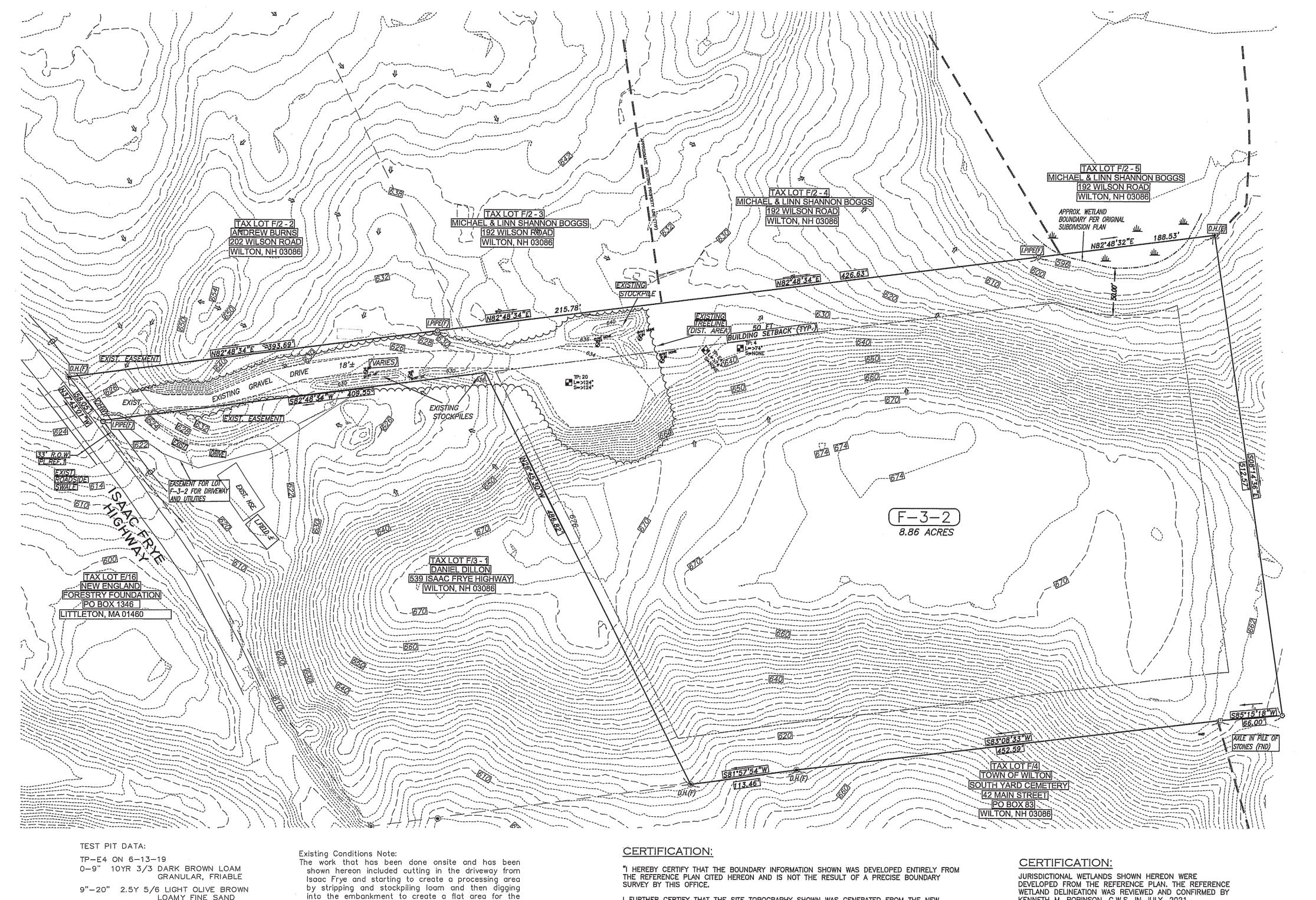
SURVEYOR/SOILS SCIENTIST/WETLAND SCIENTIST FIELDSTONE LAND CONSULTANTS 206 Elm Street, Milford NH 03055



APPROVED BY THE WILTON NH PLANNING BOARD CHAIRPERSON / VICE CHAIRPERSON DATE

**DECEMBER 2, 2022** 

Rokeh Consulting, LLC 89 KING ROAD, CHICHESTER, NH PH: 603-387-8688



LOAMY FINE SAND GRANULAR, FRIABLE

20"-74" 2.5Y 6/4 LIGHT YELLOWISH BROWN LOAMY FINE SAND WEAK, BLOCKY, FRIABLE

ROOTS TO 16" E.S.H.W.T. >74 INCHES WATER: NONE HARDPAN: NONE LEDGE: NONE

PERC TEST: 2 MIN/INCH AT 28 INCHES

into the embankment to create a flat area for the excavation. There were no known erosion issues on the site during the 2021 year.

> SEE DETAIL SHEETS FOR NOTES ABOUT CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE, AND PROCEDURES FOR PROPER CONSTRUCTION AND EROSION CONTROL PRACTICES.

I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT THE SITE TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN WAS GENERATED FROM THE NEW HAMPSHIRE GEOGRAPHICALLY REFERENCED ANALYSIS AND INFORMATION TRANSFER SYSTEM (NH GRANIT) UTILIZING LIGHT DETECTION AND RANGING (LIDAR) WITH 2-FOOT HYPSOGRAPHIC CONTOURS."

1 inch = 60 ft.

DATE

2-5-24

4-8-24

KENNETH M. ROBINSON, C.W.S. IN JULY, 2021.



### COBURN ROAD **GIBBONS HIGHWAY** ROUTE 101 HIGHWAY RUSSELL VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1"=1000'

### **PLAN REFERENCES:**

1. "SUBDIVISION PLAN, TAX LOT F/3 FOR H. JAMES KENNEDY, 539 ISAAC FRYE HIGHWAY, WILTON, NH HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, SCALE: 1"=60', DATED DECEMBER 2015, PREPARED BY ARTHUR F. SICILIANO JR. LAND SURVEYOR" AND RECORDED IN THE HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS AT PLAN NUMBER 3882. TOPOGRAPHICAL VERSION OF PLAN IS UNRECORDED AND ON FILE AT THE TOWN OF WILTON.

2. "PROPOSED SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM PLAN, TAX MAP F LOT 3-2, WILTON, NH, ISAAC FRYE HIGHWAY, PREPARED FOR SAN KEN HOMES, INC., PREPARED BY FIELDSTONE LAND CONSULTANTS, DATED FEBRUARY 22, 2021. UNRECORDED.

OWNER OF RECORD: ISAAC FRYE HOLDINGS, LLC, 586 TURNPIKE ROAD, NEW IPSWICH, NH 03071

2. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON WAS PROVIDED BY FIELDSTONE LAND CONSULTANTS AND THIS PLAN SHEET IS TO ONLY SHOW THE CURRENT EXISTING CONDITIONS.

3. THE CURRENT ZONING FOR SUBJECT PROPERTY AND ABUTTING PROPERTIES IS GENERAL RESIDENCE AND AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT (RA ZONE). THE PARCEL IS ALSO LOCATED IN THE AQUIFER PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT AND THE WETLAND OVERLAY DISTRICT FOR THE WETLAND AREA SHOWN HEREON.



CONTACT DIG SAFE 72 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

THE LOCATION OF ANY UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS PLAN IS APPROXIMATE. THE ENGINEERS MAKE NO CLAIM TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITIES SHOWN. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING ANY UTILITIES WHETHER THEY BE ABOVE OR BELOW GROUND. PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION ON SITE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT DIG SAFE AT 1-800-DIG-SAFE

### SYMBOLS LEGEND

- OHW - UTILITY POLE AND OVERHEAD WIRES EXISTING AND PROPOSED TREELINE

----- EXISTING 2 FT CONTOUR INTERVAL -- 660 -- EXISTING 10 FT CONTOUR INTERVAL

⇒ EXISTING OR PROPOSED DRAINAGE FLOW

---------- BUILDING SETBACK LINE \_F625± EXISTING SPOT GRADE

WELL W EXISTING OR PROPOSED WELL

····· NRCS SOILS EASEMENT AREA 4-18-2024

Owner / Applicant: ISAAC FRYE HOLDINGS, LLC 586 Turnpike Road New Ipswich, NH 03071

**EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN EXCAVATION PROJECT** TAX LOT F-3-2 Isaac Frye Highway Wilton, New Hampshire

### **REVISIONS**

REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW

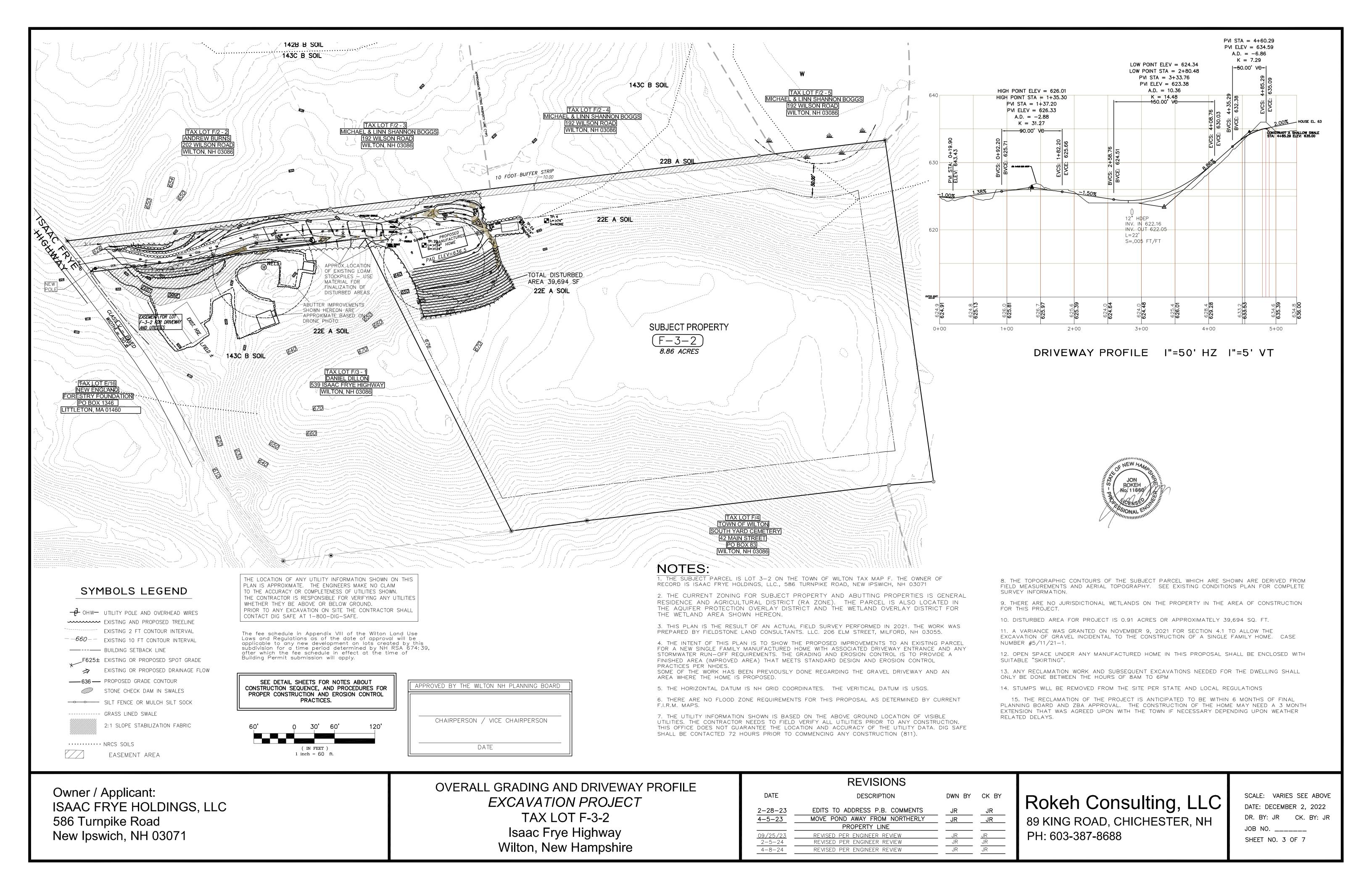
REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW

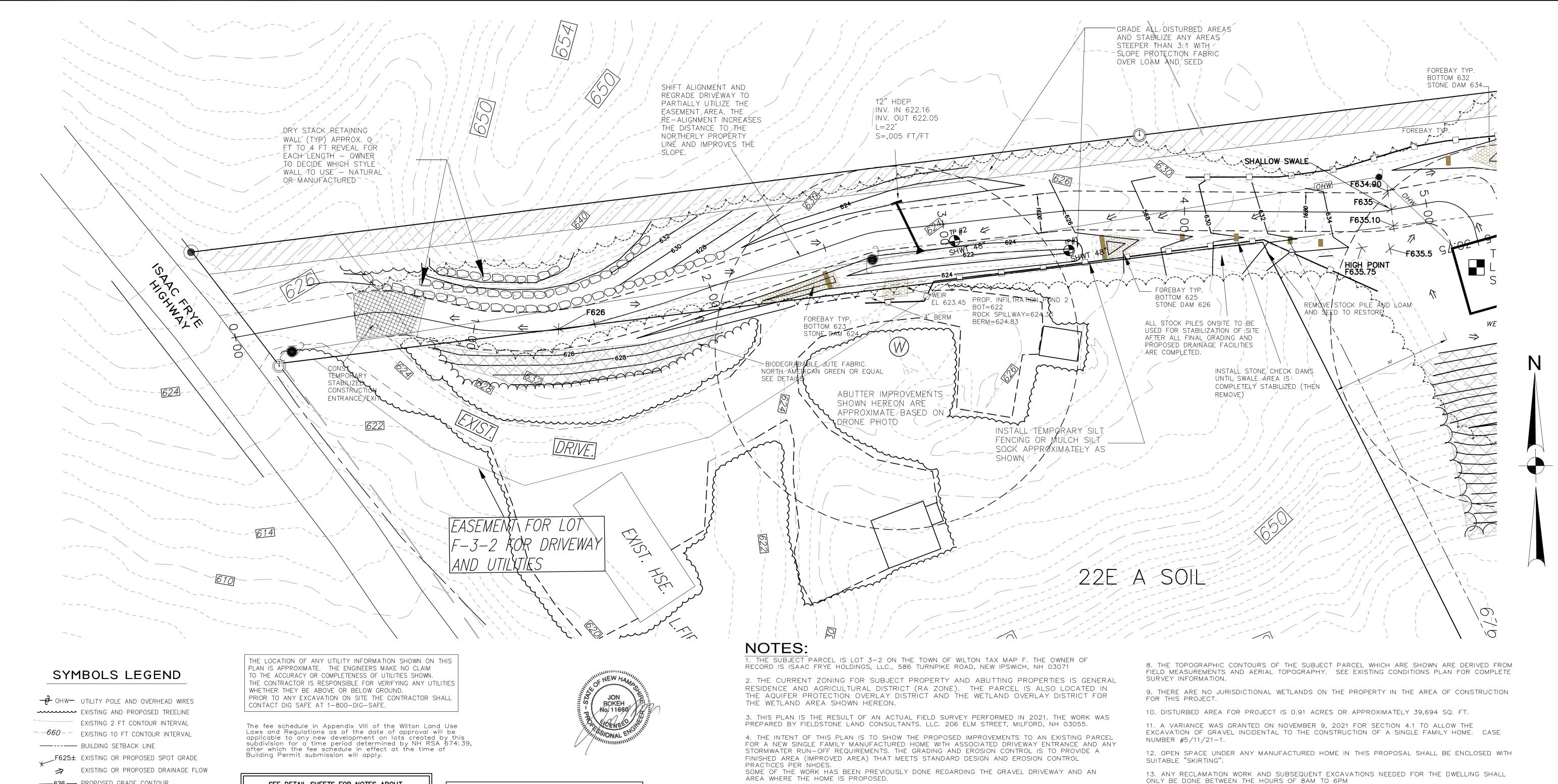
**DESCRIPTION** REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW

Rokeh Consulting, LLC 89 KING ROAD, CHICHESTER, NH PH: 603-387-8688

SCALE: 1"=60' DATE: DECEMBER 2, 2022 DR. BY: JR CK. BY: JR JOB NO. \_\_\_\_\_

SHEET NO. 2 OF 7



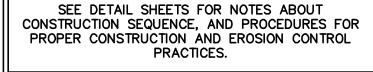


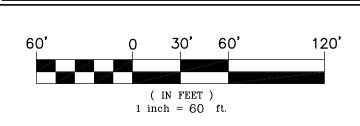
STONE CHECK DAM IN SWALES

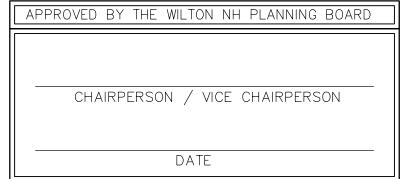
---- SILT FENCE OR MULCH SILT SOCK -- GRASS LINED SWALE

2:1 SLOPE STABILIZATION FABRIC ····· NRCS SOILS

EASEMENT AREA







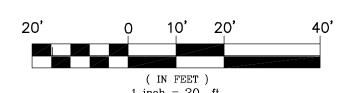
5. THE HORIZONTAL DATUM IS NH GRID COORDINATES. THE VERITICAL DATUM IS USGS.

6. THERE ARE NO FLOOD ZONE REQUIREMENTS FOR THIS PROPOSAL AS DETERMINED BY CURRENT F.I.R.M. MAPS.

7. THE UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN IS BASED ON THE ABOVE GROUND LOCATION OF VISIBLE UTILITIES. THE CONTRACTOR NEEDS TO FIELD VERIFY ALL UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. THIS OFFICE DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE LOCATION AND ACCURACY OF THE UTILITY DATA. DIG SAFE SHALL BE CONTACTED 72 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CONSTRUCTION (811).

14. STUMPS WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE PER STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS

15. THE RECLAMATION OF THE PROJECT IS ANTICIPATED TO BE WITHIN 6 MONTHS OF FINAL PLANNING BOARD AND ZBA APPROVAL. THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE HOME MAY NEED A 3 MONTH EXTENSION THAT WAS AGREED UPON WITH THE TOWN IF NECESSARY DEPENDING UPON WEATHER



Owner / Applicant: ISAAC FRYE HOLDINGS, LLC 586 Turnpike Road New Ipswich, NH 03071

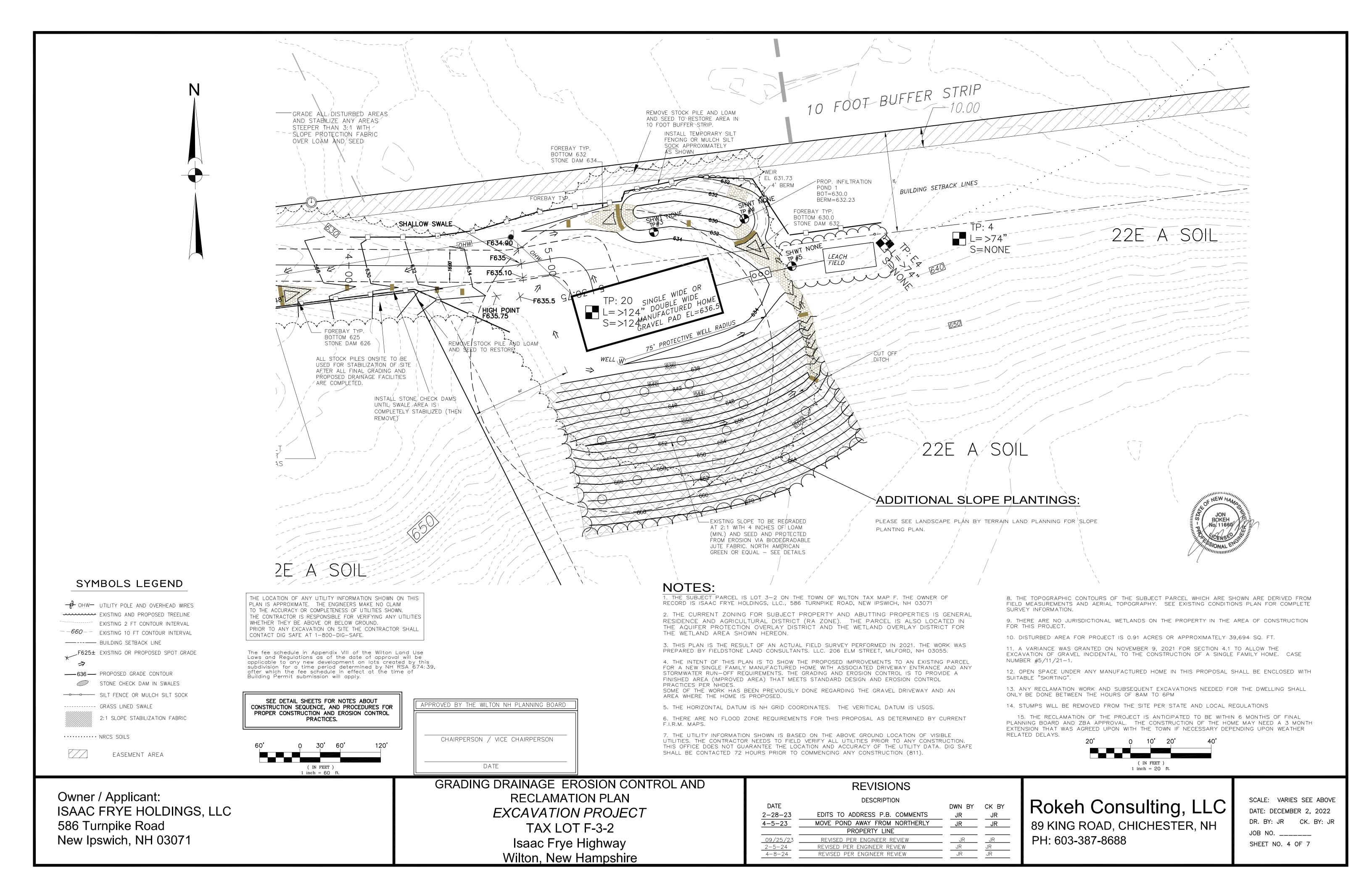
GRADING DRAINAGE EROSION CONTROL AND RECLAMATION PLAN **EXCAVATION PROJECT** TAX LOT F-3-2 Isaac Frye Highway

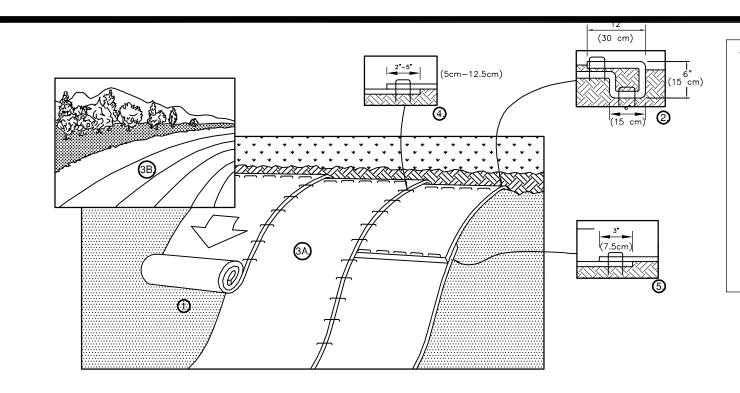
Wilton, New Hampshire

	REVISIONS		
DATE	DESCRIPTION	DWN BY	CK BY
2-28-23	EDITS TO ADDRESS P.B. COMMENTS	JR	JR
4-5-23	MOVE POND AWAY FROM NORTHERLY	JR	 JR
	PROPERTY LINE		
09/25/23	REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW	JR	JR
2-5-24	REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW	JR	JR
4-8-24	REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW	JR	JR
	·		

Rokeh Consulting, LLC 89 KING ROAD, CHICHESTER, NH PH: 603-387-8688

SCALE: VARIES SEE ABOVE DATE: DECEMBER 2, 2022 DR. BY: JR CK. BY: JR JOB NO. \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 3A OF 7





- PREPARE SOIL BEFORE INSTALLING BLANKETS, INCLUDING ANY NECESSARY APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZER, AND SEED.
  NOTE: WHEN USING CELL—O—SEED DO NOT SEED PREPARED AREA. CELL—O—SEED MUST BE INSTALLED WITH PAPER SIDE DOWN.
   BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE SLOPE BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET IN A 6" (15cm) DEEP X 6" (15cm) WIDE TRENCH
  WITH APPROXIMATELY 12" (30cm) OF BLANKET EXTENDED BEYOND THE UP—SLOPE PORTION OF THE TRENCH. ANCHOR THE
  BLANKET WITH A ROW OF STAPLES/STAKES APPROXIMATELY 12" (30cm) APART IN THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH.
  BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING. APPLY SEED TO COMPACTED SOIL AND FOLD REMAINING 12" (30cm)
  PORTION OF BLANKET BACK OVER SEED AND COMPACTED SOIL. SECURE BLANKET OVER COMPACTED SOIL WITH A ROW OF
  STAPLES/STAKES SPACED APPROXIMATELY 12" (30cm) APART ACROSS THE WIDTH OF THE BLANKET.
- 3. ROLL THE BLANKETS (A.) DOWN OR (B.) HORIZONTALLY ACROSS THE SLOPE. BLANKETS WILL UNROLL WITH APPROPRIATE SIDE AGAINST THE SOIL SURFACE. ALL BLANKETS MUST BE SECURELY FASTENED TO SOIL SURFACE BY PLACING STAPLES/STAKES IN APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS AS SHOWN IN THE STAPLE PATTERN GUIDE. WHEN USING OPTIONAL DOT SYSTEM™, STAPLES/STAKES SHOULD BE PLACED THROUGH EACH OF THE COLORED DOTS CORRESPONDING TO THE APPROPRIATE STAPLE PATTERN.

  4. THE EDGES OF PARALLEL BLANKETS MUST BE STAPLED WITH APPROXIMATELY 2"-5" (5cm-12.5cm) OVERLAP DEPENDING
- 4. THE EDGES OF PARALLEL BLANKETS MUST BE STAPLED WITH APPROXIMATELY 2"-5" (5cm-12.5cm) OVERLAP DEPENDING ON BLANKET TYPE. TO ENSURE PROPER SEAM ALIGNMENT, PLACE THE EDGE OF THE OVERLAPPING BLANKET (BLANKET BEING INSTALLED ON TOP) EVEN WITH THE COLORED SEAM STITCH ON THE PREVIOUSLY INSTALLED BLANKET.
   5. CONSECUTIVE BLANKETS SPLICED DOWN THE SLOPE MUST BE PLACED END OVER END (SHINGLE STYLE) WITH AN APPROXIMATE 3" (7.5cm) OVERLAP. STAPLE THROUGH OVERLAPPED AREA, APPROXIMATELY 12" (30cm) APART ACROSS ENTIRE BLANKET WIDTH.
- NOTE:
  \*IN LOOSE SOIL CONDITIONS, THE USE OF STAPLE OR STAKE LENGTHS GREATER THAN 6" (15cm) MAY BE NECESSARY TO PROPERLY SECURE THE BLANKETS.

14649 HIGHWAY 41 NORTH, EVANSVILLE, INDIANA 47725 USA 1-800-772-2040 CANADA 1-800-448-2040 www.nagreen.com



### SLOPE STABILIZATION

FOR EROSION CONTROL

NOT TO SCALE

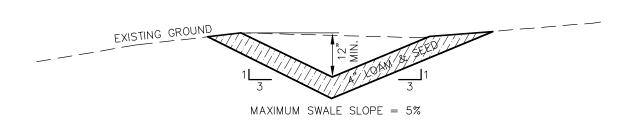
### TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS NHFG WILDLIFE FRIENDLY REQUIREMENTS

### CONSIDERATIO 1. THERE SHA

1. THERE SHALL BE NO PLASTIC OR MULTI-FILAMENT OR MONOFILAMENT EROSION CONTROL NETTING FOR THIS PROJECT. THESE ARE KNOWN SOURCE OF ENTRAPMENT AND MORTALITY FOR PROTECTED SNAKES AND TURTLES AND OTHER SENSITIVE SPECIES. NO OPENINGS OF NETTING SHALL BE MORE THAN ONE EIGHTH INCH

2. SEVERAL 'WILDLIFE FRIENDLY' OPTIONS SUCH AS BIODEGRADABLE WOVEN ORGANIC MATERIAL (E.G., COCO MATTING) OR THE USE OF EROSION CONTROL MULCH BERM IS ACCEPTABLE.

- 3. ACCEPTABLE MATERIALS INCLUDE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN C125BN OR EAST COAST EROSION CONTROL BLANKET ECC-2B BOTH ARE BIODEGRADABLE WITH A COCONUT FIBER MATRIX AND JUTE NETTING.
- 4, TURF REINFORCEMENT MATS SHALL BE COVERED WITH SOIL TO PREVENT EXPOSURE OF MATS TO THE



### CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. THE FOUNDATION AREA OF THE WATERWAY SHALL BE CLEARED AND GRUBBED OF ALL TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL. MATERIALS REMOVED SHALL BE DISPOSED OF SO THEY DO NOT INTERFERE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OR PROPER FUNCTION OF THE WATERWAY.
- 2. THE WATERWAY SHALL BE EXCAVATED OR SHAPED TO LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION AS REQUIRED TO MEET THE DESIGN CRITERIA. THE WATERWAY SHALL BE FREE OF IRREGULARITIES WHICH WILL IMPEDE NORMAL FLOW.
- 3. EARTH FILLS REQUIRED TO MEET SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS BECAUSE OF OVER EXCAVATION OR TOPOGRAPHY SHALL BE COMPACTED TO THE SAME DENSITY AS THE SURROUNDING SOIL TO PREVENT UNEQUAL SETTLEMENT THAT COULD CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE COMPLETED WATERWAY. EARTH REMOVED AND NOT NEEDED IN CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SPREAD OR DISPOSED OF SO THAT IT WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH THE FUNCTIONING OF THE WATERWAY.
- 4. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND AIR AND WATER POLLUTION. ALL APPROPRIATE STATE AND LOCAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH FOR DESIGN AND INSTALLATION.
- 5. THE WATERWAY SHALL BE STABILIZED USING THE APPROPRIATE "BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES" FOR VEGETATIVE

### STONE CHECK DAM

THE BALES AT LEAST 18 INCHES INTO THE SOIL.

SECTION

APPROPRIATE SPACING.

NOTE

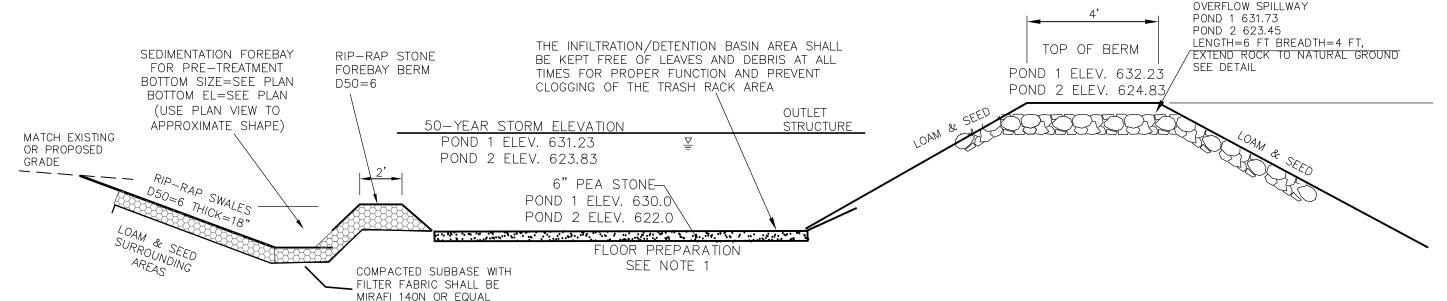
NOT TO SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

ELEVATION

### GRASS LINED SWALE

NOT TO SCALE



### INFILTRATION BASIN DETAIL 1 & 2

### BED CONSTRUCTION

1. BASIN FLOOR CONSTRUCTION — THE BASIN FLOOR SHALL NOT BE TRAFFICED WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. ONCE THE BASIN IS EXCAVATED TO THE FINAL DESIGN ELEVATION THE FLOOR SHALL BE DEEPLY TILLED TO RESTORE THE INFILTRATION RATE. ONCE TILLED THE AREA CAN BE PASSED WITH A LEVELING DRAG. THE FLOOR SHALL RECEIVE A 6" LAYER OF 3/8" PEA STONE

### NOTES

- 1. DO NOT DISCHARGE SEDIMENT-LADEN WATERS FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (RUNOFF, WATER FROM EXCAVATIONS) TO THE INFILTRATION BASIN.
- 2. DO NOT TRAFFIC EXPOSED SOIL SURFACE WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. IF FEASIBLE, PERFORM EXCAVATIONS WITH EQUIPMENT POSITIONED OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF THE INFILTRATION SYSTEM.
- 3. AFTER THE INFILTRATION SYSTEM AREA IS EXCAVATED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE FILTER MEDIA, THE FLOOR SHOULD BE DEEPLY TILLED WITH A ROTARY TILLER OR DISC HARROW TO RESTORE INFILTRATION RATES, FOLLOWED BY A PASS WITH A LEVELING DRAG, THEN APPLY THE FILTER MEDIA.
- 4. VEGETATION WITHIN THE BASIN 18 INCHES ABOVE THE FILTER MEDIA ELEVATION ON THE SIDE SLOPES SHOULD BE ESTABLISHED IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. DO NOT PLACE INFILTRATION SYSTEMS INTO SERVICE UNTIL THE CONTRIBUTING AREAS HAVE BEEN FULLY STABILIZED.
- THE FOUNDATION AREA SHALL BE CLEARED OF TREES. LOGS, STUMPS, ROOTS, BRUSH. BOULDERS, SOD AND RUBBISH. SCARIFY SURFACE BEFORE PLACING FILL. THE AREA SHALL BE MOIST FOR GOOD BONDING OF THE NEW FILL. KEEP STANDING WATER FROM FORMING ON OR NEAR THE FILL AREA.
   THE FILL SHALL BE FREE OF DETRIMENTAL AMOUNTS OF SOD, ROOTS, FROZEN SOIL, STONES LARGER
- THAN 6 INCHES AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL. CRUSHED GRAVEL (3/4") SHALL BE PLACED AROUND PIPES AND CONCRETE STRUCTURES.

  8. THE PLACING AND SPREADING OF FILL SHALL BE STARTED AT THE LOWEST POINT IN THE BERM AREA AND BROUGHT UP IN HORIZONTAL LAYERS (LIFTS) OF ABOUT 12" SO THAT REQUIRED COMPACTION

CAN BE OBTAINED. THE DISTRIBUTION AND GRÁDATION OF MATERIALS SHALL BE SUCH THAT NO

9. THE MOISTURE CONTENT OF THE FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE ADEQUATE FOR OBTAINING THE REQUIRED COMPACTION.

LENSES, POCKETS, STREAKS OR LAYERS OF MATERIAL DIFFER SUBSTANTIALLY IN TEXTURE OR

- 9. THE MOISTURE CONTENT OF THE FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE ADEQUATE FOR OBTAINING THE REQUIRED COMPACTION.
- 10. CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SHALL BE OPERATED OVER AREAS OR EACH LAYER OF FILL TO INSURE REQUIRED COMPACTION. USE SPECIAL EQUIPMENT IF NECESSARY. FILL ADJACENT TO PIPES AND STRUCTURES SHALL BE COMPACTED BY HAND TAMPING OR PLATE VIBRATOR. FILL ADJACENT TO CONCRETE STRUCTURES SHALL NOT BE COMPACTED UNTIL CONCRETE HAS CURED STRONG ENOUGH TO SUPPORT THE LOAD.
- 11. FOR PROTECTION ALL EXPOSED AND DISTURBED SURFACES (OTHER THAN THE FILTER MEDIA) SHALL HAVE A COVER OF VEGETATION, PREFERABLY TOPSOIL AND SEED. FOLLOW SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS AND GENERAL NOTES IN THE EROSION CONTROL DETAILS SECTION IN THIS PLANSET.

### AFETY

1. PONDS THAT ARE EASILY ACCESSIBLE IN POPULATED AREAS SHOULD INCORPORATE ALL POSSIBLE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS. DUE TO ONLY TEMPORARY WATER LEVELS IN THESE BASINS, FENCING IS NOT

### MAINTENANCE

- 1. MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY IF THE BASIN IS TO CONTINUE TO FUNCTION AS DESIGNED. THE LANDOWNER MUST BE AWARE OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR A PROPERLY OPERATIONAL BASIN AND A PLAN BE DEVELOPED FOR REGULAR SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE.
- 2. THE EMBANKMENT SHOULD BE INSPECTED TO DETERMINE IF RODENT BURROWS, WET AREAS OR EROSION OF THE FILL IS TAKING PLACE.
- 3. THE VEGETATION SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE BY FIRE, GRAZING, TRAFFIC AND DENSE WEED GROWTH. LIME AND FERTILIZER SHOULD BE APPLIED AS NECESSARY AS DETERMINED BY SOIL TESTS. TREES AND SHRUBS SHOULD BE KEPT OFF THE EMBANKMENT AND EMERGENCY SPILLWAY
- 4. PIPE INLETS AND SPILLWAY STRUCTURES SHOULD BE INSPECTED ANNUALLY AND AFTER EVERY MAJOR STORM. ACCUMULATED DEBRIS AND SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED. IF PIPES ARE COATED, THE COATING SHOULD BE CHECKED AND REPAIRED AS NECESSARY.
- 5. PIPE OUTLETS SHOULD BE INSPECTED ANNUALLY AND AFTER EVERY MAJOR STORM. THE CONDITION OF THE PIPES SHOULD BE NOTED AND REPAIRS MADE AS NECESSARY. IF EROSION IS TAKING PLACE, THEN MEASURES SHOULD BE TAKEN TO STABILIZE AND PROTECT THE AFFECTED AREA OF THE OUTLET.
- 6. SEDIMENT SHOULD BE CONTINUALLY CHECKED IN THE BASIN. WHEN SEDIMENT ACCUMULATIONS REACHED THE PREDETERMINED DESIGN ELEVATION, THEN THE SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF.

## EARTH DIVERSION BERM (WHERE INDICATED ON PLAN) FLOW EXISTING GROUND COMMON BORROW MAXIMUM SWALE SLOPE = 8%

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES

1. THE FOUNDATION AREA OF THE WATERWAY SHALL BE CLEARED AND GRUBBED OF ALL TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL. MATERIALS REMOVED SHALL BE DISPOSED OF SO THEY DO NOT INTERFERE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OR PROPER FUNCTION OF THE WATERWAY.

1. STRUCTURES SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AT THE

2. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER SO THAT EROSION WILL BE

WHEN TIMBERS ARE TO BE USED, THE TIMBER SHALL EXTEND AT LEAST 18 INCHES INTO THE SOIL.

4. STRAW OR STRAW BALES SHALL BE ANCHORED INTO THE SOIL USING 2"x2" STAKES DRIVEN THROUGHOUT

5. SEEDING, FERTILIZING AND MULCHING SHALL CONFORM TO THE RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE APPROPRIATE BMP.

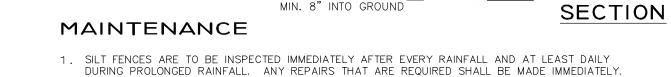
STRUCTURES ARE TEMPORARY AND ARE TO BE REMOVED FROM THE CHANNEL WHEN THEIR USEFUL LIFE HAS

3. WHEN STRAW BALES ARE USED, THEY ARE TO BE EMBEDDED INTO THE SOIL 4 INCHES.

EXPIRED, WHEN A SOLID STAND OF GRASS HAS GROWN AND STABILIZED.

- 2. THE WATERWAY SHALL BE EXCAVATED OR SHAPED TO LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION AS REQUIRED TO MEET THE DESIGN CRITERIA. THE WATERWAY SHALL BE FREE OF IRREGULARITIES WHICH WILL IMPEDE NORMAL FLOW.
- 3. EARTH FILLS REQUIRED TO MEET SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS BECAUSE OF OVER EXCAVATION OR TOPOGRAPHY SHALL BE COMPACTED TO THE SAME DENSITY AS THE SURROUNDING SOIL TO PREVENT UNEQUAL SETTLEMENT THAT COULD CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE COMPLETED WATERWAY. EARTH REMOVED AND NOT NEEDED IN CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SPREAD OR DISPOSED OF SO THAT IT WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH THE FUNCTIONING OF THE WATERWAY.
- 4. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND AIR AND WATER POLLUTION. ALL APPROPRIATE STATE AND LOCAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH FOR DESIGN AND INSTALLATION.
- 5. THE WATERWAY SHALL BE STABILIZED USING THE APPROPRIATE "BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES" FOR VEGETATIVE

### GRASS LINED CUT OFF SWALE



3. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHOULD BE INSPECTED AFTER EVERY STORM EVENT. THE DEPOSITS SHOULD

REMOVED, SHALL BE GRADED TO CONFORM WITH THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY AND VEGETATED.

2. IF THE FABRIC ON A SILT FENCE SHOULD DECOMPOSE OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE DURING THE

EMBED FILTER CLOTH

2% TYP.

DRIVEWAY

SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION.

THE CONTRACTOR/HOMEOWNER SHALL BE AWARE OF HIS

WORKING HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY EXCAVATION.

RESPONSIBILITYTO CONTACT "DIG-SAFE" AT 331 MONTVALE AVE.,

WOBURN, MA. (1-888-344-7233: WWW.DIGSAFE.COM) AT LEAST 72

TYPICAL SECTION

ALL MATERIALS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE TOWN OF WILTON REGULATIONS AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE

NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION'S STANDARDS AND

–9"BANK RUN GRAVEL ITEM 304.3

GRAVEL ITEM 304.2

1-3/4"x 1-3/4"x 4' WOOD STAKE

OR ÁPPROVED EQUAL

SILT FENCE

DOWNHILI

6"X6"X14.5 GAGE (OPTIONAL)

NON-WOVEN FILTER CLOTH

SIDE

- MIRAFI 100X OR

APPROVED EQUAL

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

1-3/4"×1-3/4"

6'-0" O.C. MAX

FENĆE POST

UNDISTURBED

GROUND

LITEM 641.04 - LOAM 4" DEEP (TYF

-6" CRUSHED

BE REMOVED WHEN THEY REACH APPROXIMATELY ONE HALF OF THE BARRIER.

4. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS THAT ARE REMOVED OR LEFT IN PLACE AFTER THE FABRIC HAS BEEN

### SILT FENCE DETAIL

WORK AREA

TOP OF

GROUND-

4" EMBEDMENT

PLACE 4" OF FABRIC -

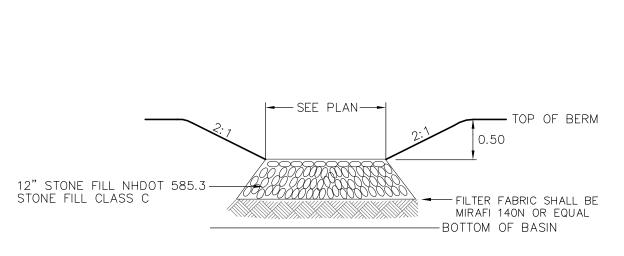
FROM PROTECTED AREA

ALONG TRENCH AWAY

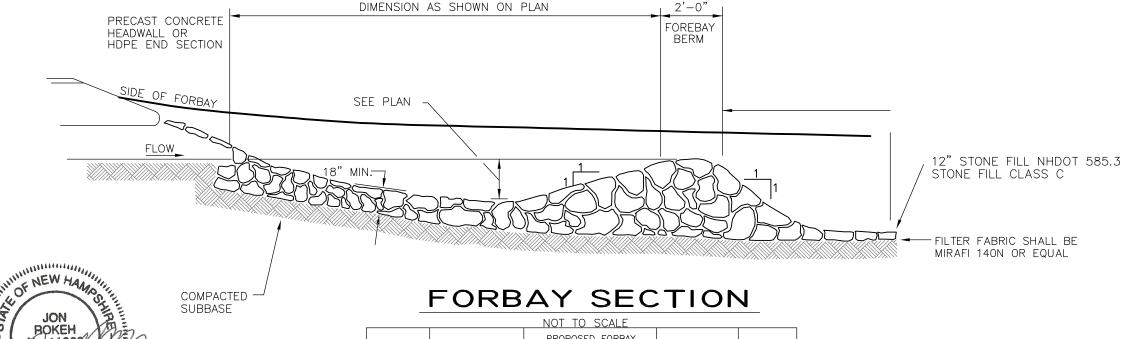
BACKFILL AND TAMP

(MIN.)

NOT TO SCALE



TYPICAL EMERGENCY
SPILLWAY DETAIL NOT TO S



FORBAY	REQUIRED FORBAY	PROPOSED FORBAY VOLUME CF	ROCK DAM HEIGHT FT	STONE
POND 1	50 CF	100CF	1.0	CLASS C
POND 2	40	100 CF	1.0	CLASS C

Owner / Applicant: ISAAC FRYE HOLDINGS, LLC 586 Turnpike Road New Ipswich, NH 03071

GRADATION FROM THE SURROUNDING MATERIAL.

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

EXCAVATION PROJECT

TAX LOT F-3-2
Isaac Frye Highway
Wilton, New Hampshire

### PREVISIONS DATE DESCRIPTION DWN BY CK BY 2-28-23 EDITS TO ADDRESS P.B. COMMENTS JR JR 09/25/23 REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW JR JR 2-5-24 REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW JR JR 4-8-24 REVISED PER ENGINEER REVIEW JR JR

Rokeh Consulting, LLC 89 KING ROAD, CHICHESTER, NH PH: 603-387-8688 SCALE: AS NOTED

DATE: DECEMBER 2, 2022

DR. BY: JR CK. BY: JR

JOB NO. \_\_\_\_\_

SHEET NO. 5 OF 7

### GENERAL NOTES:

- PROJECT ENGINEER: ROKEH CONSULTING, LLC, 89 KING ROAD, CHICHESTER, NH 03258
- ALL MATERIALS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO TOWN REGULATIONS AND THE LATEST EDITION OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION'S STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD & BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. IF, DURING CONSTRUCTION IT BECOMES APPARENT THAT DEFICIENCIES EXIST IN THE APPROVED DESIGN DRAWINGS, THE CONTRACTOR, DEVELOPER OR OWNER ARE RESPONSIBLE TO DOCUMENT THE APPARENT DEFICIENCIES AND NOTIFY THE DESIGN ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONTINUING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. THE DESIGN ENGINEER, IN COOPERATION WITH THE CONTRACTOR, DEVELOPER OR OWNER WILL RESOLVE THE APPARENT DEFICIENCIES TO MEET APPLICABLE TOWN REGULATIONS.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT ALL UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO VERIFY THE LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND, WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. THE PROTECTION OR RELOCATION OF UTILITIES IS ULTIMATELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. (DIG SAFE NUMBER PROVIDED ON SHEET 1) 4. IF, DURING CONSTRUCTION, IT BECOMES APPARENT THAT ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE REQUIRED, THE CONTRACTOR, DEVELOPER OR OWNER SHALL BE REQUIRED TO INSTALL ADDITIONAL EROSION PROTECTION MEASURES.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN EMERGENCY ACCESS TO ALL AREAS AT ALL TIMES.
- NO EXCAVATED AREA SHALL BE LEFT UNATTENDED AND SHALL BE THOROUGHLY SECURED ON A DAILY BASIS.
- 8. THE PROJECT IS TO BE MANAGED IN A MANNER THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENT AND INTENT OF RSA 430:53 AND CHAPTER Agr RELATIVE TO INVASIVE SPECIES.

# CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:

1. CUT AND CLEAR TREES WITHIN LIMIT OF WORK (PROPOSED TREELINE), UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL STUMPS, BRANCHES, TOPS AND BRUSH TO BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF OFF SITE. CONSTRUCT STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS SHOWN AND DETAILED IN THIS PLAN SET.

4. ALL SWALES AND DITCH LINES SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM EROSION. ALL DITCHES AND SWALES SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO DIRECTING RUNOFF TO THEM. . ALL STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS SUCH AS DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS, TREATMENT SWALES AND LEVEL SPREADERS SHALL BE ROTECTED FROM EROSION. ALL STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO DIRECTING FLOW INTO THEM. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES (GRASS SWALES AND STONE LINED RIP-RAP SWALES) IOR TO ANY EARTH MOVING OPERATION.

6. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY DIVERSION DITCHES/SWALES OR BERMS AS REQUIRED TO MINIMIZE THE EROSIVE AFFECTS OF STORMWATER RUNOFF DURING ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURRED:
A.) BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED;
B.) A MINIMUM of 95% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED;
C.) A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE, OR RIP-RAP HAS D.) EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED. OR RIP-RAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED; OR

COMPLETE GRUBBING OPERATIONS. ALL STUMPS AND DEBRIS SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF, PREFERABLY OFF SITE.

11. COMPLETE ROADWAY SLOPE GRADING/EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION. ALL SLOPES SHALL BE STABILIZED AND SEEDED IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STABILIZE SLOPES WITH APPROPRIATE SEEDING PROGRAM OR JUTE MAT, WHEREVER SPECIFIED. 9. ALL MATERIAL SUITABLE FOR USE AS TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED IN UPLAND AREAS. ALL STOCKPILES SHALL BE SEEDED WITH WINTER RYE AND IF NECESSARY, SURROUNDED WITH SILT FENCE, AND/OR STRAW BALES, IN ORDER TO PREVENT OR CONTAIN SOIL EROSION. 10. ALL MATERIAL SUITABLE FOR FILL OR SELECT MATERIAL SHALL BE STOCKPILED IN UPLANDS AREAS. ALL STOCKPILES SHALL BE SURROUNDED WITH SILT FENCE, AND/OR STRAW BALES, IN ORDER TO CONTAIN SOIL EROSION.

12. APPLY TOPSOIL TO PARKING LOT SLOPES AND OTHER AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION. TOPSOIL USED MAY BE NATIVE ORGANIC MATERIAL SCREENED AS TO BE FREE FROM ROOTS, BRANCHES, STONES, AND OTHER DELETERIOUS MATERIALS. TOPSOIL SHALL BE APPLIED SO AS TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF A 4—INCH COMPACTED THICKNESS. UPON COMPLETION OF TOPSOILING, FINISHED SECTIONS ARE TO BE LIMED, SEEDED, AND MULCHED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT COMPLETED SECTIONS OF WORK ON A REGULAR BASIS AND REMEDY ANY PROBLEM AREAS UNTIL A HEALTHY STAND OF GRASS IS ESTABLISHED.

13. MAINTAIN, REPAIR, AND REPLACE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS NECESSARY FOR A MINIMUM PERIOD OF 12 MONTHS FOLLOWING SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION. AFTER STABILIZATION (12 MONTHS FOLLOWING SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION), REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF TEMPORARY ION CONTROL MEASURES, PREFERABLY OFF SITE.

# WINTER CONSTRUCTION NOTES

b. ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS. a. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, ELSEWHERE THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR ON FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENTS.

c. AFTER NOVEMBER 15TH, INCOMPLETE ROAD OR PARKING SURFACES, WHERE WORK HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER SEASON, SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF CRUSHED GRAVEL PER NHDOT ITEM 304.3.

刀

# SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

TALL FESCUE CREEPING RED FESCUE REDTOP TOTAL

- ED PREPARATION SURFACE AND SEEPAGE WATER SHOULD BE DRAINED OR DIVERTED FROM THE SITE TO PREVENT DROWNING OR WINTER KILLING OF THE PLANTS.
- STONES LARGER THAN FOUR INCHES AND TRASH SHOULD BE REMOVED BECAUSE THEY INTERFERE WITH SEEDING AND FUTURE MAINTENANCE OF THE AREA. WHERE FEASIBLE, THE SOIL SHOULD BE TILLED TO A DEPTH OF ABOUT FOUR INCHES TO PREPARE A SEEDBED AND MIX FERTILIZER AND LIME INTO THE SOIL. THE SEEDBED SHOULD BE LEFT IN A REASONABLY FIRM AND SMOOTH CONDITION. THE LAST TILLAGE OPERATION SHOULD BE PERFORMED ACROSS THE SLOPE WHEREVER PRACTICAL.

AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STA

G. BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEE

B. A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GR

C. A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF NON—

d. OR, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS

ABLE IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURED: IN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED ROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED -EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIP—RAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED

4. THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL AREA SHALL BE DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION, BUT IN NO CASE SHALL EXCEED 5 ACRES AT ANY ONE TIME BEFORE DISTURBED AREAS ARE STABILIZED. ALL ROADWAYS AND/OR PARKING LOTS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISH GRADE. CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE LOAMED & SEEDED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISH GRADE. TEMPORARY AND/OR PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 60 DAYS OF INITIAL CONSTRUCTION.

1. PERIMETER CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS. INSTALLATION OF STRAWBALE BARRIERS AND "FILTREXX SOXX" OR SILTATION FENCES SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO THE START OF SITE WORK IN ANY SPECIFIC AREA. PREFABRICATED SILTATION FENCES AND "FILTREXX SOXX" SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE WANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

2. STRAWBALE BARRIERS AND SILTATION FENCES SHALL BE KEPT CLEAN DURING CONSTRUCTION AND REMOVED WHEN ALL SLOPES HAVE A HEALTHY STAND OF VEGETATIVE COVER. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS AND WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER A RAINFALL EVENT GREATER THAN 0.5 INCHES

EXISTING VEGETATION IS TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED WHEREVER POSSIBLE

ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS (EPA, NHDES AND TOWN REGULATIONS). THE GENERAL NOTES AND DETAILS CONTAINED IN THIS PLAN SERVE AS A GUIDE ONLY.

EROSION

CON

TROL

NOTES

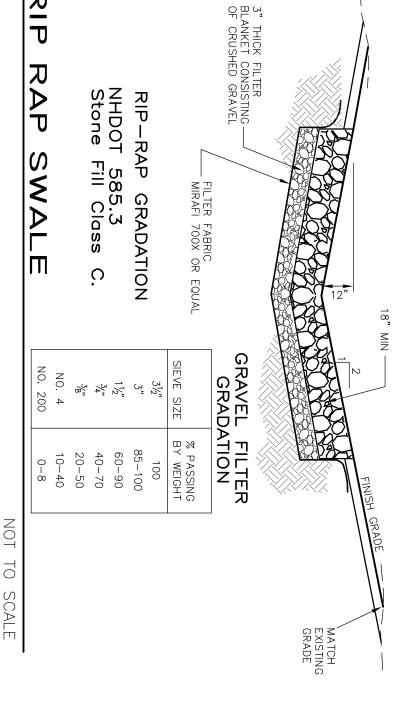
TIME LIMIT: ALL AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE. 5. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 4" OF LOAM INSTALLED WITH NOT LESS THAN 1.1 POUNDS OF SEED MIX PER 1,000 SQ. FT. SEE SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS ON THIS SHEET

LIME AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SOIL PRIOR TO OR AT THE TIME OF AT THE TIME OF SEEDING INIMUM OF 2 TONS PER ACRE OF AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE AND 500 LBS. PER ACRE OF 10-20-20 FERTILIZER SHALL APPLIED. SEEDING PRACTICES SHALL COMPLY WITH LOCAL USDA SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICES RECOMMENDATIONS.

SHALL BE USED IF/WHERE INDICATED ON THE PLANS. A MINIMUM OF 1.5 TONS OF . MULCH SHALL BE ANCHORED IN PLACE WHERE NECESSARY. JUTE MATTING SHALL FLOW FLOW AND APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.

- SEED SHOULD BE SPREAD UNIFORMLY BY THE METHOD MOST APPROPRIATE FOR THE SITE. METHODS INCLUDE BROADCASTING, DRILLING, AND HYDROSEEDING. WHERE BROADCASTING IS USED, COVER SEED WITH 0.25 INCH SOIL OR LESS, BY CULTIPACKING OR RAKING.
- REFER TO TABLE 7—35 OF "STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL HANDBOOK FOR URBAN AND DEVELOPING AREAS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE", FOR APPROPRIATE SEED MIXTURES AND TABLE 7—36 FOR RATES OF SEEDING. ALL LEGUMES (CROWNVETCH, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, AND FLATPEA), MUST BE INOCULATED WITH THEIR SPECIFIC INNOCULANT.
- STRAW, STRAW, OR OTHER MULCH, WHEN NEEDED, SHOULD BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING
- ï MULCH WILL BE HELD IN PLACE USING TECHNIQUES FROM THE "BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE FORMULCHING", AS SHOWN IN, "STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL HANDBOOK FOR URBAN AND DEVELOPING AREAS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE".
- Ġ FERTILIZATION NEEDS SHOULD BE DETERMINED BY ONSITE INSPECTIONS. SUPPLEMENTAL FERTILIZER IS USUALLY THE KEY TO FULLY COMPLETE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE STAND BECAUSE MOST PERENNIALS TAKE 2 TO 3 YEARS TO BECOME ESTABLISHED.





GRASSES AND DROUGHTY CONDITIONS POUNDS/1,000 SF 0.45 0.45 0.05 0.95

- ESTABLISHING A STAND

  A. LIME AND FERTILIZER SHOULD BE APPLIED PRIOR TO OR AT THE TIME OF SEEDING AND INCORPORATED INTO THE SOIL. KINDS AND AMOUNTS OF LIME AND FERTILIZER SHOULD BE BASED ON EVALUATION OF SOIL TESTS. WHEN A SOIL TEST IS NOT AVAILABLE, THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM AMOUNTS SHOULD BE APPLIED:
- AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE: 2 TONS PER ACRE OR 0.09 LBS. PER SQ. FT.

  NITROGEN (N): 50 LBS. PER ACRE OR 1.1 LBS. PER 1000 SQ. FT.

  PHOSPHATE (P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>): 100 LBS. PER ACRE OR 2.2 LBS. PER 1000 SQ. FT.

  POTASH (K<sub>2</sub>O): 100 LBS. PER ACRE OR 2.2 LBS. PER 1000 SQ. FT.

  OTE: THIS IS THE EQUIVALENT OF 500 LBS. PER ACRE OF 10-20-20 FERTILIZER OR 1,000 LBS. PER ACRE OF 5-10-

- WHEN SEEDED AREAS ARE MULCHED, PLANTINGS MAY BE MADE FROM EARLY SPRING TO EARLY OCTOBER. WHEN SEEDED AREAS ARE NOT MULCHED, PLANTINGS SHOULD BE MADE FROM EARLY SPRING TO MAY 20 OR FROM AUGUST 10 TO SEPTEMBER 1.

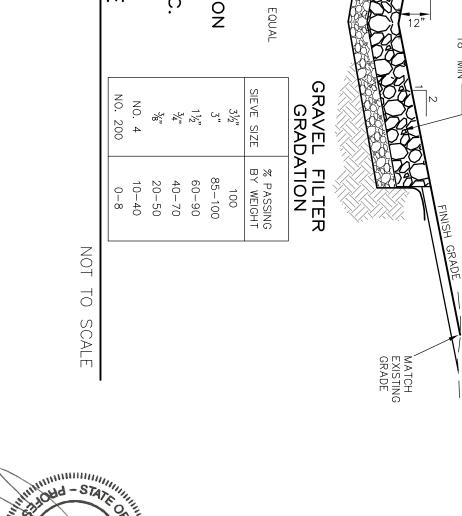
8. PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY COVER MUST BE IN PLACE BEFORE THE GROWING SEASON ENDS. WHEN SEEDED AREAS ARE MULCHED, PLANTINGS MAY BE MADE FROM EARLY SPRING TO EARLY OCTOBER. WHEN SEEDED AREAS AREA NOT MULCHED, PLANTINGS SHOULD BE MADE FROM EARLY SPRING TO MAY 20 OR FROM AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 15. NO DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE LEFT EXPOSED DURING WINTER MONTHS.

DIVERSION RIDGE IS PROVIDED)

3" TO 6" HIGH DIVERSION RIDGE, WHERE REQUIRED

7. STRAW MULCH OR JUTE MATTING MULCH PER ACRE SHALL BE APPLIED. BE LAID IN THE DIRECTION OF RUNOF

- MULCH A. S
- MAINTENANCE TO ESTABLISH A STAND A. PLANTED AREAS SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE BY FIRE, GRAZING, TRAFFIC, AND DENSE WEED GROWTH
- IN WATERWAYS, CHANNELS, OR SWALES WHERE UNIFORM FLOW CONDITIONS ARE ANTICIPATED, OCCASIONAL MOWING MAY BE NECESSARY TO CONTROL GROWTH OF WOODY VEGETATION.



### EXISTING ROPO MIN. CRUSHED STONE SIZE = FILTER FABRIC

MAINTENANCE

1. THE EXIT SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION THAT WILL PREVENT TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS—OF—WAY. WHEN THE CONTROL PAD BECOMES INEFFECTIVE, THE STONE SHALL BE REMOVED ALONG WITH THE COLLECTED SOIL MATERIAL, REGRADED ON SITE, AND STABILIZED. THE ENTRANCE SHALL THEN BE RECONSTRUCTED.

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SWEEP THE PAVEMENT AT EXITS WHENEVER SOIL MATERIALS ARE TRACKED ONTO THE ADJACENT PAVEMENT OR TRAVELED WAY.
- CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

  4. ONLY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC LEAVING THE SITE IS REQUIRED TO USE THE TEMPORARY STABILIZED EXIT.
  CONSIDER PROVIDING A SEPARATE, UNPROTECTED, ENTRANCE FOR TRAFFIC ENTERING THE SITE. THIS WILL INCREASE THE LONGEVITY OF THE STABILIZED EXIT BY ELIMINATING HEAVY LOADS ENTERING THE SITE AND REDUCING THE TOTAL TRAFFIC OVER THE DEVICE. WHEN WHEEL WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE CONDUCTED ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH AGGREGATE, WHICH DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT—TRAPPING DEVICE. ALL SEDIMENT SHALL BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING STORM DRAINS, DITCHES, OR WATERWAYS.
- THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION THAT WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS—OF—WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND, AND REPAIR AND/OR MAINTENANCE OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT.
- STONE FOR A TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EXIT SHALL BE 3 INCH STONE, RECLAIMED STONE, OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT.
- 7. THE MINIMUM LENGTH OF THE PAD SHALL BE 75 FEET, EXCEPT THAT THE MINIMUM LENGTH MAY BE REDUCED TO 50 FEET IF A 3-INCH TO 6-INCH HIGH BERM IS INSTALLED AT THE ENTRANCE OF THE PROJECT SITE.

THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 6 INCHES

- THE WIDTH OF THE ENTRANCE SHALL EVER IS GREATER. GEOTEXTILE FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE ENTIRE AREA PRIOR TO PLACING THE STONE NOT BE LESS THAN THE FULL WIDTH OF THE EXIT OR 10 FEET, WHICH
- ALL SURFACE WATER THAT IS FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE CONSTRUCTION EXIT SHALL BE PIPED BENEATH THE ENTRANCE. IF PIPING IS IMPRACTICAL, A BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES THAT CAN BE CROSSED BY VEHICLES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE PIPE. TEMPORARY

NOT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS EXCAVATION PROJECT  $\leq$ /ilton, Isaac Frye Highway TAX LOT F-3-2 New Hampshire

ISAAC FRYE

HOLDINGS, LLC

Owner / Applicant:

New Ipswich, NH 03071

586 Turnpike Road

ADDRESS P.B. COMMENTS DESCRIPTION REVIEW REVIEW DWN BY CK BY 둤

REVISIONS

2-28-23 09/25/23 2-5-24 4-8-24

89 KING ROAD, CHICHESTER, NH Rokeh Consulting, LLC PH: 603-387-8688

SHEET NO. 6 OF DR. BY: JR DATE: DECEMBER 2, JOB NO. CK. BY: JR 2022

## RECLAMATION NOTES & OPERATIONAL STANDARDS:

- NO FUELS, LUBRICANTS, OR OTHER TOXIC OR POLLUTING MATERIALS SHALL BE STORED ON SITE UNLESS IN COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS OR RULES PERTAINING TO SUCH MATERIALS. ALL RECLAMATION & OPERATIONAL STANDARDS SHALL COMPLY WITH NHRSA 155—E & TOWN OF SAND AND GRAVEL ORDINANCE. BELMONT,
- ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON PLAN MAY NOT BE ACCURATE IN ALL AREAS, DUE TO EXCAVATION OF MATERIAL SINCE TOPO DATA WAS COLLECTED. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY EXISTING ELEVATIONS. SITE PREPARATION (NRCS PM-NH-21)

  CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL NOT EXCEED 2:1 TO PROVIDE STABILITY.
  FLATTER SLOPES THAN 3:1 ARE PREFERRED TO FACILITATING SEEDING EFFORTS
- AVOID LONG SLOPES TO HELP PREVENT EROSION AND TO ALLOW ACCESS FOR SEEDING MULCHING, AND MAINTENANCE. CONTROL SLOPE LENGTH BY BY INSTALLING ONE TERRACE 10 FEET WIDE AND SLOPED INTO THE CUT SLOPE) FOR EVERY 40 VERTICAL FEET.
- CONSTRUCT DIVERSIONS AT TOPS OF SLOPES TO DIVERT RUNOFF WATER AWAY FORM SLOPE BANKS TO A STABLE OUTLET
- CONSTRUCT ROCK LINED CHUTES OR EQUIVALENT TO CONDUCT CONCENTRATED FLOW OF STABLE OUTLETS
- SPREAD A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL OVER THE SITE, IF AVAILABLE. REMOVE LARGE STONES, BOULDERS, AND OTHER DEBRIS THAT WILL HINDER THE SEEDING PROCESS AND ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION
- OBTAIN SOIL SAMPLES BY COLLECTING 6 TO 8 SMALL SAMPLES (1 OR 2 HANDFULS) OF SOIL MATERIAL FROM THE UPPER 4 INCHES OF THE AREA TO BE SEEDED. MIX THE SMALL SAMPLES OBTAIN ONE COMPOSITE SAMPLE.
- USE PART OF THE SAMPLE FOR A SOIL TEXT TO DETERMINE LIME AND FERTILIZER NEEDS. RUN THE BALANCE OF THE SAMPLES THROUGH A SIEVE ANALYSIS TO DETERMINE THE PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING A NO. 22 SIEVE. THOSE PASSING ARE CALLED "FINES".

# 1. AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 5 2. NO LATER THAN MAY 15 APRIL 1 TO JUNE 1 AND AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 15 TEMPORARY SEEDING WILL BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING, BASED ON SEED TYPE 1. AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 5 WINTER RYE 2. NO LATER THAN MAY 15 OATS A TO ILINIF 1 AND PERENNIAL RYE GRASS TIME OF YEAR: APPLICATION RATE (POUNDS / ACRE) 112 80 30

AREAS DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15th, SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON 3:1 SLOPES WHERE NEEDED, AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, ELSEWHERE. THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENTS.

RECLAMATION NOTES 8 OPERATIONAL STANDARDS (CONT):

SOIL STABILIZATION
SEEDING TO BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH (NRCS) PUBLICATION PM—NH—21 AND
NHDES "STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND
NHDES "STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND
SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK" AUGUST 1992, SEE RELEVANT SECTIONS FOR MULCHING AND SEEDING FOR LONG TERM COVER. SOIL SAMPLES SHOULD BE TAKEN TO DETERMINE AMOUNTS OF FERTILIZER NEEDED AND PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE.
IN LIEU OF THE SOIL TESTS THE FOLLOWING SHALL APPLY.

FERTILIZER 10-20-20 LIME 2 TONS / ACRE 500 LBS / ACRE

NOTE: THE SOIL USED TO RECLAIM THE SLOPE SHOULD BE TESTED AS NOTED IN NRCS PMR-21 IF SEED DOES NOT APPLY THE APPROPRIAT MIX SHALL BE USED SLOPE SEED MIX 2\* SEE USDA,NRCS TECHNICAL NOTE PM-NH-21 VEGITATING NH SAND AND GRAVEL PITS SEED MIX

	KIND OF SEED	MINIMUM MINIMUM PURITY (%) GERMINATIO	MINIMUM GERMINATION (%)	APPLICATION RATE KG/HA (POUNDS PER ACRE)
FLAT PEA	VARIETIES(LATHCO)	96	85	(10)
PERENNIAL PEA	PERENNIAL PEA VARIETIES( LANCER)	95	65	(2)
CROWN VECH	VARIETIES(PENGIFT, CHEMUNG)	98	90	(10)
TALL FESCUE	VARIETIES(KY=31,REBEL,KEN-HI)	95	80	(10)

CS - COOL SEASON GRASS

\* INOCULUM AND MAXIMUM HARD SEED SPECIFIC TO CROWNVETCH ARE SPECIFIED IN 644.2.4.1

Seed mixture is SLOPE SEED MIX 2 This Mixture is recommended by the NRCS PUBLICATION PM-NH-21 and Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook for the State Of New Hampshire Appendix D Vegetating New Hampshire Sand and Gravel Pits.

The Mixture is recommended in areas of droughty conditions, It is suitable for cut and fill slopes of 2:1 with a 4" topsoil cap.

MULCH: 1.5 - 2 Ton / acre of hay or straw. Can be spread by hand or machine be dry and free of mold INCORPORATE LIME, FERTILIZER AND SEED USING RAKES IF SEEDING IS DONE BY HAND. IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED TO USE A BULLDOZER TO TRACK THE SITE AFTER SEEDING. PRIMARY SEEDING DATES BEGIN WITH SNOW MELT AND EXTEND TO MAY 15.

- Ċ NO CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT IS TO BE STORED ON SITE OUTSIDE OF THE LIMITS OF PROPOSED EXCAVATION SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.
- <u></u>ნ FINISHED SLOPES AS SHOWN ON GRADING PLAN ARE TO BE LOAMED AND SEEDED IN ACCORDANCE PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION AS OUTLINED ABOVE.

  THE FINISHED SLOPE GRADING WILL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIALTLY APON COMPLETION.
- 7.
- œ ALL LOAM AND TOPSOIL TO BE STRIPPED AND STOCKPILED AND RESPREAD TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 4 INCHES ON THE COMPLETED PIT.
- 9 EXCEPT FOR EXPOSED ROCK LEDGE, ALL AREAS WHICH HAVE BEEN AFFECTED BY THE EXCAVATION OR OTHERWISE STRIPPED OF VEGETATION SHALL BE SPREAD WITH TOPSOIL OR STRIPPINGS, IF ANY, BUT IN ANY CASE, COVERED BY SOIL CAPABLE OF SUSTAINING VEGETATION, AND SHALL BE PLANTED WITH SEEDLINGS OR GRASS SUITABLE TO PREVENT EROSION.
- ALL SLOPES SHALL NOT BE LEFT STEEPER THAN 2:1.
- ALL ROADWAYS/PARKING AREAS AND CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISH GRADE.

# NRCS PM-NH-21 (REVISED APRIL 2000) VEGETATION STABILIZATION NOTES

SITE PREPARATION ALL VEGETATION STABILIZATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH USDA NRCS "VEGETATING NEW HAMPSHIRE SAND and GRAVEL PITS", IN ADDITION TOO "BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR ROUTINE ROADWAY MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES IN NEW HAMPSHIRE", LATEST EDITIONS.

CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHOULD NOT EXCEED 2:1 (2 HORIZONTAL FEET FOR 1 VERTICAL FOOT) TO PROVIDE STABILITY. FLATTER SLOPES (3:1) ARE PREFERRED TO FACILITATE SEEDING EFFORTS.

AVOID LONG SLOPES TO HELP PREVENT EROSION AND TO ALLOW ACCESS FOR SEEDING, MULCHING, AND MAINTENANCE. CONTROL SLOPE LENGTH BY INSTALLING ONE TERRACE (10 FEET WIDE AND SLOPED INTO THE CUT SLOPE) FOR EVERY 40 VERTICAL FEET.

CONSTRUCT ROCK LINED CHUTES OR EQUIVALENT TO CONDUCT CONCENTRATED FLOW OF WATER TO STABLE OUTLETS. CONSTRUCT DIVERSIONS AT TOPS OF SLOPES TO DIVERT RUNOFF WATER AWAY FROM THE SLOPE BANKS TO A STABLE OUTLET.

REMOVE LARGE STONES, BOULDERS, AND OTHER DEBRIS THAT WILL HINDER THE SEEDING PROCESS AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION. SPREAD A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL OVER THE SITE, IF AVAILABLE.

OBTAIN SOIL SAMPLES BY COLLECTING 6 TO 8 SMALL SAMPLES (1 OR 2 HANDFULS) OF SOIL MATERIAL FROM THE UPPER 4 INCHES OF THE AREA TO BE SEEDED. MIX THE SMALL SAMPLES TO OBTAIN ONE COMPOSITE SAMPLE.

USE PART OF THE SAMPLE FOR A SOIL TEST TO DETERMINE LIME AND FERTILIZER NEEDS. RUNBALANCE OF THE SAMPLE(S) THROUGH A SIEVE ANALYSIS TO DETERMINE THE PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING A NO. 22 SIEVE. THOSE PASSING ARE CALLED "FINES."

# (1) SPECIES

SELECT ONE OF THE GRASS/LEGUME MIXES BASED ON THE PERCENT WEIGHT PASSING A NO. 200 SIEVE AS OUTLINED ABOVE. MIX 2 IS RECOMMENDED IF SUPPRESSION OF WOODY GROWTH IS DESIRED AND THERE ARE MORE THAN 15 PERCENT FINES. THE STANDARD CONSERVATION MIXES AVAILABLE FROM LOCAL SET SUPPLIERS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED ON DROUGHTY SITES. THESE MIXES USUALLY PROVIDE A GREEN COVER VERY QUICKLY, BUT THE PLANT SPECIES BEGIN TO DIE IN 2-4 YEARS ON STERILE AND DROUGHTY SITES.

WHERE PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING A NO. 200 SIEVE IS LESS THAN 15, SELECT FROM MIX 1.

MIX 1 (WARM SEASON GRASSES)

SPECIES VARIETIES (SELECT ONE)

MIX OPTIONS FOR VARIOUS

SWITCHGRASS TRAILBLAZER, PATHFINDER COASTAL PANICGRASS ATLANTIC BIG BLUESTEM NIAGARA, KAW LITTLE BLUESTEM ALDOUS, CAMPER, BLAZE SAND LOVEGRASS BEND, NE-27 CAMPER, BLAZE MIX OPTIONS FOR VARIOUS LBS PER ACRE (PLS)
(1) (2) (3) 4

4

OPTIONS IN MIX 1

(1) THIS COMBINATION MOST CLOSELY REPRESENTS THE NATURALLY OCCURRING VEGETATION WHERE WARM SEASON GRASSES ARE NATIVE IN THE NORTHEAST

(2) THIS COMBINATION HAS THE FASTEST ESTABLISHMENT AND COVER.

(3) THIS COMBINATION IS THE SIMPLEST AND MAY BE EASIER TO OBTAIN. OPTIONS 2 OR 1 ARE PREFERRED BY THE AUTHORS. 5 15

WHERE PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING A NO. 200 SIEVE IS BETWEEN 15 AND MIX 1 OR 2

MIX 2 (LEGUMES AND C SPECIES FLATPEA PERENNIAL PEA CROWN VETCH TALL FESCUE D COOL SEASON GRASS)

VARIETIES (SELECT ONE)

LATHCO

LANCER

PENGIFT, CHEMUNG

KY=31, REBEL, KEN-HI 9 PER ACRE 10.0 2.0 10.0

WHERE PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING A NO. 200 SIEVE MIX 3 (COOL SEASON **GRASSES AND LEGUMES)** IS ABOVE 20, USE MIX 1, S

SPECIES
TALL FESCU
REDTOP STF
BIRDSFOOT VARIETIES (SELECT ONE)
KY-31 LBS PER 200 20 8.0

# (2) LIME AND FERTILIZER DETERMINATION

(B) MIXES 2 AND 3 - IN LIEU OF A SOIL TEST, LIME AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS/ACRE (90 LBS/1,000 SQ FT). FERTILIZE WITH 500 LBS/ACRE (11 LBS/1,000 SQ FT) OF 10-20-20 OR EQUIVALENT. THE SEED NEEDS TO BE INCORPORATED TO ENSURE SUCCESS AND TO SHORTENESTABLISHMENT TIME. THIS IS ESPECIALLY TRUE OF MIXES 1 AND 2, AND IS MOSTCRITICAL FOR THE LARGE SEEDED LEGUMES IN MIX 2. ON THE FLATTER SLOPES, USE ABULLDOZER TO "TRACK IN" THE SEED.

# (3) MULCH DETERMINATION (FOR HYDRO AND HAND SEEDING)

(A) MULCHING FOR MIX 1 - WEED FREE MULCH. CLEAN STRAW IS RECOMMENDED. MULCH AT THE MAXIMUM RATE OF 500-700 LBS/ACRE. HIGHER MULCHING RATES AND MULCH WITH WEED SEED CONTENT WILL INHIBIT SEEDING SUCCESS SIGNIFICANTLY. IF THE EROSION HAZARD IS LOW AND THE SEED IS INCORPORATED, MULCHING IS NOT NECESSARY FOR SEEDING SUCCESS. DO NOT APPLY MULCH PRIOR TO TRACKING WITH A BULLDOZER.

(B) MULCHING FOR MIXES 2 AND 3 - MULCH WITH WEED FREE HAY OR STRAW AND MULCH AT THE RATE OF 2-3 TONS/ACRE FOR MIX 2 AND 1-2 TONS/ACRE FOR MIX 3. THE HIGHER MULCHING RATE IS RECOMMENDED WHERE SEED INCORPORATION IS DIFFICULT. THIS IS ESPECIALLY CRITICAL FOR MIX 2.

### (4) SEEDING METHODS

ALTERNATIVE 1 - LARGE AREAS AND/OR STEEP SLOPES.

APPLY LIME, SEED, AND FERTILIZER WITH A HYDROSEEDER AND, DEPENDING ON THE CONSISTENCY OF THE SOIL MATERIAL, STEEPNESS OF SLOPE, AND SEED MIXTURE

(A) PRESS THE SEED INTO THE SOIL BY TRACKING WITH A BULLDOZER, OR (B) COVER THE SEED BY WALKING BACK AND FORTH OVER STEEP LOOSE SANDY

### (5) SEEDING DATES

LATE SUMMER AND EARLY FALL SEEDINGS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR MIXES 1 AND 2. IF LATE SEASON SEEDINGS OF MIXES 1 AND 2 ARE NECESSARY, THEY SHOULD BE DONE AFTER OCTOBER 20 TO PREVENT FALL GERMINATION AND SUBSEQUENT WINTERKILL.

## (6) RESPONSE OF SEEDING

THE PLANT SPECIES IN MIXES 1 AND 2 GERMINATE AND GROW SLOWLY. COMPLETE COVER MAY NOT OCCUR FOR 2-4 YEARS. HOWEVER, A WELL-ESTABLISHED STAND

FOLLOW-UP SEEDING MAY BE NEEDED TO ESTABLISH VEGETATION ON THE MORE DIFFICULT PARTS OF SOME SITES. THE NEED TO DO FOLLOW-UP SEEDING CAN BE DETERMINED THE YEAR AFTER THE INITIAL PLANTING.

IF MOWING IS DESIRED TO SUPPRESS WOODY GROWTH, MOW MIX 1 ABOUT MID-JULY LEAVING A STUBBLE HEIGHT OF 6-8 INCHES. IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO MOW MIX 2. A GOOD COVER OF FLATPEA WILL PREVENT INVASION OF WOODY SPECIES. MIX 3 CAN BE MOWED AT ANY TIME.

CONSIDERATIONS.

1. WITHIN 100 FEET OF STREAMS, WETLANDS AND IN LAKE WATERSHEDS, TEMPORARY MULCH SHOULD BE APPLIED WITHIN DAYS OF EXPOSING SOIL OR PRIOR TO ANY STORM EVENT.

TEMPORARY

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PERMANENT MULCHING

(A) MIX 1 - IN LIEU OF A SOIL TEST, LIME AT THE RATE OF 1 TON/ACRE (50 LBS/1,000 SFT). FERTILIZE WITH 500 LBS/ACRE (11 LBS/1,000 SQ FT) OF 10-20-20 OR EQUIVALENT INCORPORATE LIME, FERTILIZER, AND SEED USING RAKES IF SEEDING IS DONE BY HAND.IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED TO USE A BULLDOZER TO "TRACK" THE SITE AFTER SEEDING.TRACKING WILL INCORPORATE THE LIME, FERTILIZER, AND SEED TO PROMOTE SEEDGERMINATION.

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

6. ALL TEMPORARY MULCHES MUST BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY AND IN PARTICULAR AFTER RAINSTORMS, TO CHECK FOR RILL EROSION OR DISPLACEMENT OF THE MULCH. IF LESS THAN 90% OF THE SOIL SURFACE IS COVERED BY MULCH, ADDITIONAL MULCH SHOULD BE IMMEDIATELY APPLIED. NETS MUST BE INSPECTED AFTER RAIN EVENTS FOR DISLOCATION OR FAILURE. IF WASHOUTS OR BREAKAGES OCCUR, REPAIR ANY DAMAGE TO THE SLOPE AND RE—INSTALL OR REPLACE NETTING AS NECESSARY. INSPECTIONS SHOULD TAKE PLACE UNTIL GRASSES ARE FIRMLY ESTABLISHED (85% SOIL SURFACE UNIFORMLY COVERED WITH HEALTHY STAND OF GRASS).

MULCH ANCHORING SHOULD BE USED ON SLOPES WITH GRADIENTS GREATER THAN 5% IN LATE FALL (PAST SEPTEMBER 15), AND OVER-WINTER (SEPTEMBER 15 - MAY 15).

PERMANENT MULCH CAN BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH TREE, SHRUB,

VINE, AND GROUND COVER PLANTINGS

AREAS THAT CANNOT BE SEEDED WITHIN THE GROWING SEASON SHOULD BE MULCHED FOR OVER-WINTER PROTECTION. THE AREA SHOULD BE SEEDED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE NEXT GROWING SEASON.

AREAS THAT HAVE BEEN TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY SEEDED SHOULD BE MULCHED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING SEEDING.

SPECIFICATIONS
GENERAL:
11. ADDI Y

PERMANENT MULCHED AREAS SHOULD BE INSPECTED AT LEAST ANNUALLY, AND AFTER EACH LARGE RAINFALL (2.5 INCHES OR MORE IN A 24—HOUR PERIOD). ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS SHOULD BE MADE IMMEDIATELY. WHERE EROSION CONTROL MIX HAS BEEN USED, PLACE ADDITIONAL MIX ON TOP OF THE MULCH TO MAINTAIN THE RECOMMENDED THICKNESS. WHEN THE MULCH IS DECOMPOSED, CLOGGED WITH SEDIMENT, ERODED OR INEFFECTIVE, IT MUST BE REPLACED OR REPAIRED.

IF THE MULCH NEEDS TO BE REMOVED, SPREAD IT OUT INTO THE LANDSCAF

PLY MULCH PRIOR TO A STORM EVENT. THIS IS APPLICABLE IN EXTREMELY SENSITIVE AREAS SUCH AS WITHIN 100 T OF LAKES, PONDS, RIVERS, STREAMS, AND WETLANDS. IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO CLOSELY MONITOR WEATHER DICTIONS TO HAVE ADEQUATE WARNING OF SIGNIFICANT STORMS.

WHERE PERMANENT MULCH IS USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH ORNAMENTAL PLANTINGS, INSPECT PERIODICALLY THROUGH THE YEAR TO DETERMINE IF MULCH IS MAINTAINING COVERAGE OF THE SOIL SURFACE. REPAIR AS NEEDED.

EROSION CONTROL MIX MULCH USED FOR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHOULD BE LEFT IN PLACE. VEGETATION ADDS STABILITY AND SHOULD BE PROMOTED.

SLOPES,OR (C) APPLY MULCH AND A TACKIFIER TO HOLD THE MULCH IN PLACE. ALTERNATIVE 2 - FLAT TO GENTLY SLOPING AREAS (2:1 SLOPES MAXIMUM) APPLY LIME, SEED, AND FERTILIZER USING FARM TYPE SPREADERS, AND TRACK TH SITEWITH A BULLDOZER OR APPLY MULCH.

PRIMARY SEEDING DATES BEGIN AS SOON AS THE SNOW MELTS IN THE SPRING AND ENDS MAY 15. **THE IMPORTANCE OF EARLY SEEDING CANNOT BE OVEREMPHASIZED.**THIS IS ESPECIALLY TRUE FOR MIX 1. DEPENDING ON WEATHER CONDITIONS, SUBSTANTIAL FAILURE CAN BE EXPECTED IF SEEDING IS DONE LATER.

MIX 3 CAN ALSO BE SEEDED FROM AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 1 WITH CONVENTIONAL SEEDING.

ENDURE FOR YEARS.

SUBSTANTIAL STAND VIGOR CAN BE ACHIEVED IF THE SITE IS TOPDRESSED WITH FERTILIZER ONE YEAR AFTER PLANTING. IF TOPDRESSING MIX 1, FERTILIZE BETWEEN JUNE 15 AND JULY 15. THE TIMING OF THIS TOPDRESSING IS IMPORTANT. MIXES 2 AND 3 SHOULD BE TOPDRESSED IN THE EARLY SPRING. TOPDRESS MIXES 1 AND 3 SHOULD BE TOPDRESSED IN THE EARLY SPRING. TOPDRESS MIXES 1 AND 3 WITH A BALANCED FERTILIZER, APPLYING 50 LBS OF NITROGEN/ACRE. FOR EXAMPLE, APPLY 250 LBS OF 20-20-20/ACRE. TOPDRESS MIX 2 WITH 500 LBS OF 0-20-20/ACRE IN APRIL, MAY, OR

市 13. THE CHOICE OF MATERIALS FOR MULCHING SHOULD BE BASED ON SITE CONDITIONS, SOILS, SLOPE, FLOW CONDITIONS, AND TIME OF YEAR. 12. MULCHING SHOULD BE COMPLETED WITHIN THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIED TIME PERIODS FROM ORIGINAL SOIL EXPOSURE:

— WITHIN 100 FEET OF RIVERS AND STREAMS, WETLANDS, AND IN LAKE AND POND WATERSHEDS, THE TIME PERIOD

SHOULD BE NO GREATER THAN 7 DAYS. THIS 7—DAY LIMIT SHOULD BE REDUCED FURTHER DURING WET WEATHER PERIODS. IN OTHER AREAS, THE TIME PERIOD CAN RANGE FROM 14 TO 30 DAYS, THE LENGTH OF TIME VARYING WITH SITE CONDITIONS (SOIL ERODIBILITY, SEASON OF YEAR, EXTENT OF DISTURBANCE, PROXIMITY TO SENSITIVE RESOURCES) AND THE POTENTIAL IMPACT OF EROSION ON ADJACENT AREAS. OTHER STATE OR LOCAL RESTRICTIONS MAY ALSO APPLY.

HAY OR STRAW MULCHES: 14. ORGANIC MULCHES INCLUDING HAY AND STRAW SHOULD BE AIR—DRIED, FREE OF UNDESIRABLE SEEDS AND COARSE MATERIALS.

. APPLICATION RATE SHOULD BE 2 BALES (70—90 POUNDS) PER 1000 SQUARE FEET OR 1.5 TO 2 TONS (90—100 BALES) PER ACRE TO COVER 75 TO 90 % OF THE GROUND SURFACE.

16 HAY OR STRAW MULCH SHOULD BE ANCHORED TO PREVENT DISPLACEMENT BY WIND OR FLOWING WATER, USING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:

- NETTING: INSTALL JUTE, WOOD FIBER, OR BIODEGRADABLE PLASTIC NETTING OVER HAY OR STRAW TO ANCHOR IT TO THE SOIL SURFACE. INSTALL NETTING MATERIAL ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION. NETTING SHOULD BE USED JUDICIOUSLY, AS WILDLIFE CAN BECOME ENTANGLED IN THE MATERIALS.

- TACKIFIER: APPLY POLYMER OR ORGANIC TACKIFIER TO ANCHOR HAY OOOR STRAW MULCH. APPLICATION RATES VARY BY MANUFACTURER: TYPICALLY 40—60 LBS/ACRE FOR POLYMER MATERIAL, AND 80—120 LBS/ACRE FOR ORGANIC MATERIAL. LIQUID MULCH BINDERS ARE ALSO TYPICALLY APPLIED HEAVIER AT EDGES, IN VALLEYS, AND AT CRESTS THAN OTHER AREAS.

7. WHEN MULCH IS APPLIED TO PROVIDE PROTECTION OVER WINTER (PAST THE GROWING SEASON), IT SHOULD BE APPLIED TO A DEPTH OF FOUR INCHES (150–200 POUNDS OF HAY OR STRAW PER 1000 SQUARE FEET, OR DOUBLE STANDARD APPLICATION RATE). SEEDING CANNOT GENERALLY BE EXPECTED TO GROW UP THROUGH THIS DEPTH OF MULCH AND WILL BE SMOTHERED. IF VEGETATION IS DESIRED, THE MULCH WILL NEED TO BE REMOVED IN THE SPRINGTIME AND THE AREA SEEDED AND MULCHED.

WOOD CHIPS OR BARK: 18. WOOD CHIPS OR GROUND BARK SHOULD BE APPLIED TO A THICKNESS OF 2 TO 6 INCHES:

19 WOOD CHIPS OR GROUND BARK SHOULD BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 10 TO 20 TONS PER ACRE OR 460 TO 920 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET.

ROSION CONTROL MIX:
O. EROSION CONTROL I
MATERIAL, SEPARATEI
BARK, OR ACCEPTABL
REPROCESSED WOOD UTROL MIX CAN BE MANUFACTURED ON OR OFF THE PROJECT SITE. IT MUST CONSIST PRIMARILY OF ORGANIC ARATED AT THE POINT OF GENERATION, AND MAY INCLUDE SHREDDED BARK, STUMP GRINDINGS, COMPOSTED EPTABLE MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS. WOOD AND BARK CHIPS, GROUND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS OR WOOD PRODUCTS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE AS THE ORGANIC COMPONENT OF THE MIX.

21. COMPOSITION OF THE EROSION CONTROL MIX SHOULD BE AS FOLLOWS:

- EROSION CONTROL MIX SHOULD CONTAIN A WELL-GRADED MIXTURE OF PARTICLE SIZES AND MAY CONTAIN ROCKS LESS THAN 4" IN DIAMETER. EROSION CONTROL MIX MUST BE FREE OF REFUSE, PHYSICAL CONTAMINANTS, AND MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH. THE MIX COMPOSITION SHOULD MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:

- THE ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT SHOULD BE BETWEEN 25 AND 65%, DRY WEIGHT BASIS.

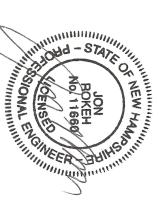
- PARTICLE SIZE BY WEIGHT SHOULD BE 100% PASSING A 3" SCREEN, 90% TO 100% PASSING A 1-INCH SCREEN, 70% TO 100% PASSING A 0.75-INCH SCREEN, AND A MAXIMUM OF 30% TO 75%, PASSING A 0.25-INCH SCREEN.

- THE ORGANIC PORTION NEEDS TO BE FIBROUS AND ELONGATED.

- THE MIX SHOULD NOT CONTAIN SILTS, CLAYS OR FINE SANDS.

- SOLUBLE SALTS CONTENT SHOULD BE < 4.0 MMHOS/CM.

THE BARRIER MUST BE PLACED ALONG A RELATIVELY LEVEL CONTOUR. IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO CUT TALL GRASSES OR WOODY VEGETATION TO AVOID CREATING VOIDS AND BRIDGES THAT WOULD ENABLE FINES TO WASH UNDER THE BARRIER THROUGH THE GRASS BLADES OR PLANT STEMS. IUM OF 12" HIGH, AS MEASURED ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF



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